

# Questions

AI4SE & SE4AI Workshop - 2024

Matthew Rose



“The multi-disciplined field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) offers great potential benefit to the Army...C3I, Modeling, and analysis, and decision support. However, AI resources available to the **Army today are not adequate to realize this potential.**”

“Technology is advancing at approximately the rate of a **new generation every four years.** At this pace, new systems which are defined, developed, and delivered using traditional system life-cycle development will **run the risk of being obsolete upon installation.**”



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

DACS-DMA

1 MAY 1986

SUBJECT: Charter for the HQDA Artificial Intelligence Center

Commander  
U.S. Army Materiel Command  
5001 Eisenhower Avenue  
Alexandria, VA 22333

1. Reference Department of the Army Memorandum, dated 20 December 1985, subject: Action Plan to Accelerate the Integrated Development of Army Decision Systems.

2. Enclosed are the charter establishing and authority of the HQDA Artificial Intelligence Center, dated 8 April 1986 and VCSA Memorandum of Understanding, dated 11 April 1986, Army Decision Systems.

3. The multi-disciplined field of artificial intelligence offers great potential benefit to making computers more effective as tools for analysis, and decision support available to the Army today are not being fully utilized. While a few Army agencies are developing AI, no systematic effort is being made to ensure the judicious administrative use of AI across the broad spectrum of Army activities. Unless we act with corporate purpose and organizational know-how, the Army will miss the opportunity to take full advantage of the AI program. The Army Science Board has recommended that the Army incorporate AI capabilities into its business and to provide opportunities for AI in the future.

4. Responding to these recommendations, the Army is developing an Artificial Intelligence Center to develop and implement the Army AI program. The program will focus on the development of AI resources within the Army. The details of the AI Center's mission and the AI program as it develops.

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SUBJECT: Charter for the HQDA Artificial Intelligence Center

5. Your assistance in supporting the program in your command is essential to the successful transfer and application of the technology across the Army. If you have any questions, contact LTC David Tye, Director, HQDA AI Center, DACS-DMA, Pentagon, Washington, D. C. 20310-0200, (AV 224-6900).

2 Enclosures

*M. R. Thurman*  
M. R. THURMAN  
General, United States Army  
Vice Chief of Staff

CHARTER  
HQDA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE CENTER  
OFFICE, CHIEF OF STAFF, ARMY

1. GENERAL

A. INTRODUCTION.

(1) Computer technology is advancing at approximately the rate of a new generation arriving every four years. At this pace, new systems which are defined, developed, and delivered using traditional system life-cycle development run the risk of being obsolete upon installation. The effective use of new computer capacity and techniques in general purpose automated support as well as embedded systems is essential to the successful planning, support and operations of numerically outnumbered forces.

(2) One of the significant areas of technological advance is the field of artificial intelligence (AI). Although there are many AI problems remaining unsolved, much has been learned that could make major contributions to the Army. Those areas of AI technology ready for transfer from the laboratories to applications development include commercially available hardware and software which would be considered non-standard by the Army, and software development techniques which are known by very few people in government employment. There is a variety of existing applications for symbolic processors and their intrinsic object oriented programming in the areas of "expert systems," knowledge-based systems, natural language processing, robotics, and intelligent tutoring. A methodology is required to facilitate the rapid transfer of these capabilities into the Army for mission support.

(3) The National Science Foundation, Defense Science Board and Army Science Board have recommended that the Services, including the Army, insert AI technology by focusing efforts as part of today's way of doing business and provide opportunity for growth in the future. These advisory boards further recommend that the technology be diffused throughout the Army and incorporated into its doctrine, tactics and programs.

b. MISSION AREAS: The HQDA Artificial Intelligence Center will have specific responsibilities and authority to accomplish the technology transfer described above in three specific mission areas:

(1) Providing advice and hands-on assistance directly to the CSA, VCSA, DA staff principals and MACOM's to ensure effective use of AI in systems now in use or being developed in the Army -- particularly in harnessing disparate data bases to support integrated Army Decision Systems.

(2) Propensity for AI technology in the Army.

(3) Ensuring that the Army stays at the leading edge of AI technology by maintaining frequent, high level contacts with industry and the academic community.



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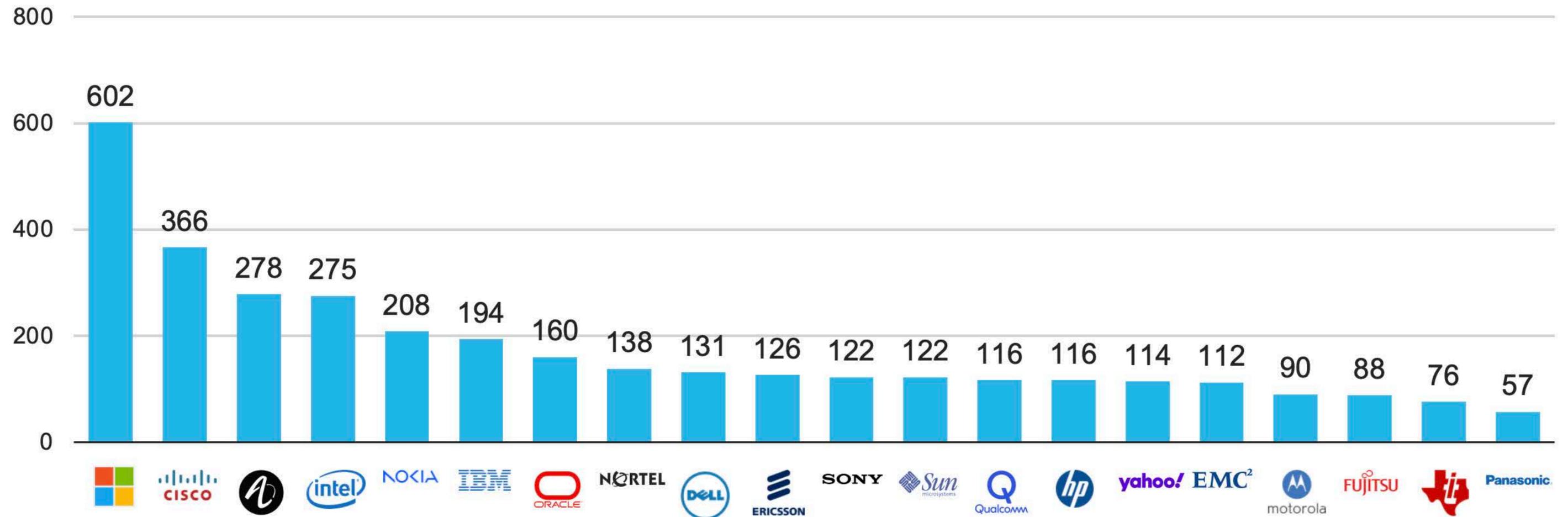
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# Top 20 tech companies

Market capitalization in \$B (Market capitalization in \$B (Jan 1, 2000))

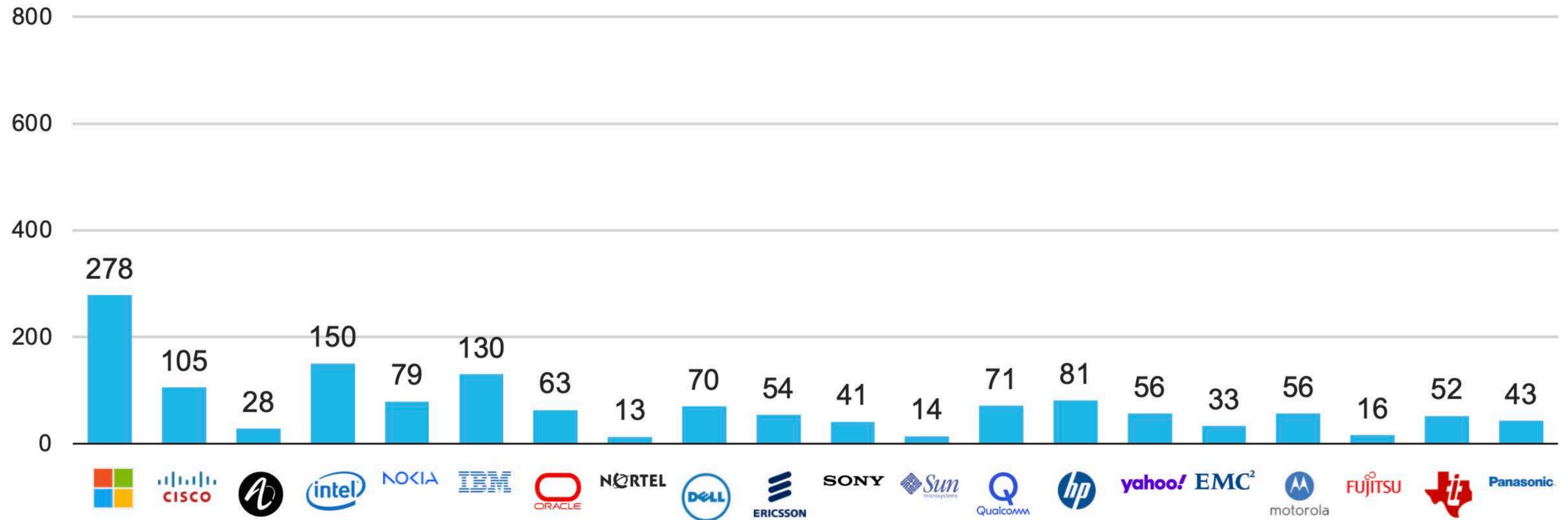


Source: CapitalIQ

Note: Alcatel-Lucent pro-forma for 2000

# Top 20 tech companies

Market capitalization in \$B (Market capitalization in \$B (Jan 1, 2006))

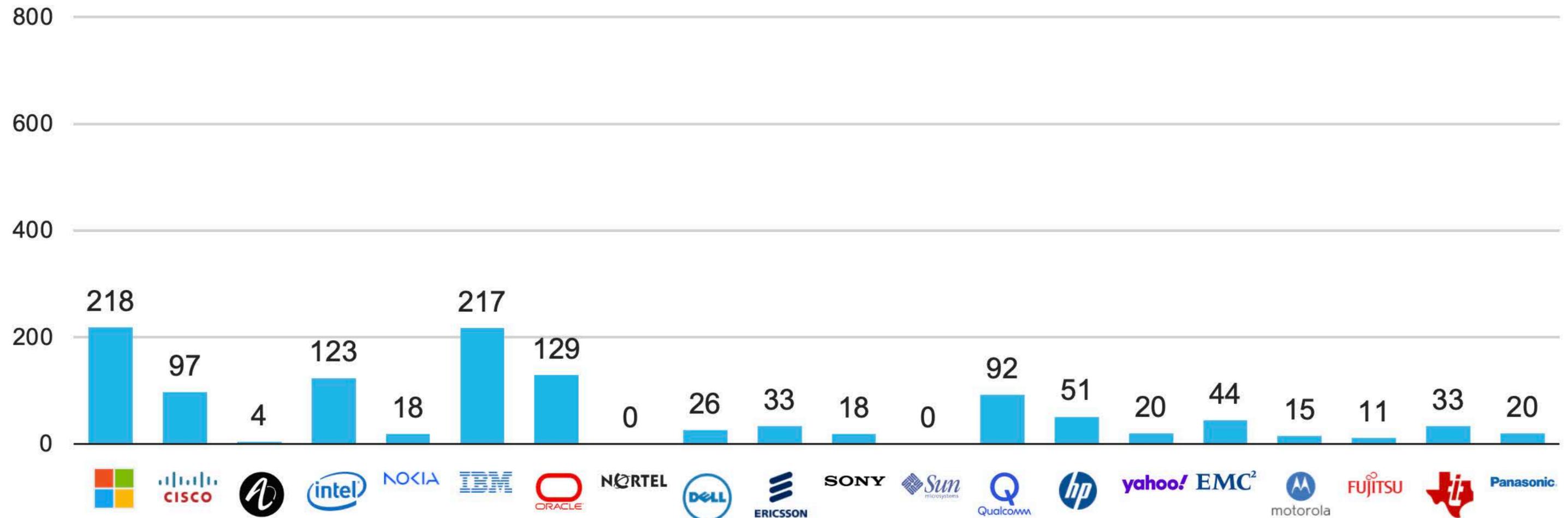


Source: CapitalIQ

Note: Alcatel-Lucent pro-forma for 2000

# Top 20 tech companies

Market capitalization in \$B (Market capitalization in \$B (Jan 1, 2012))



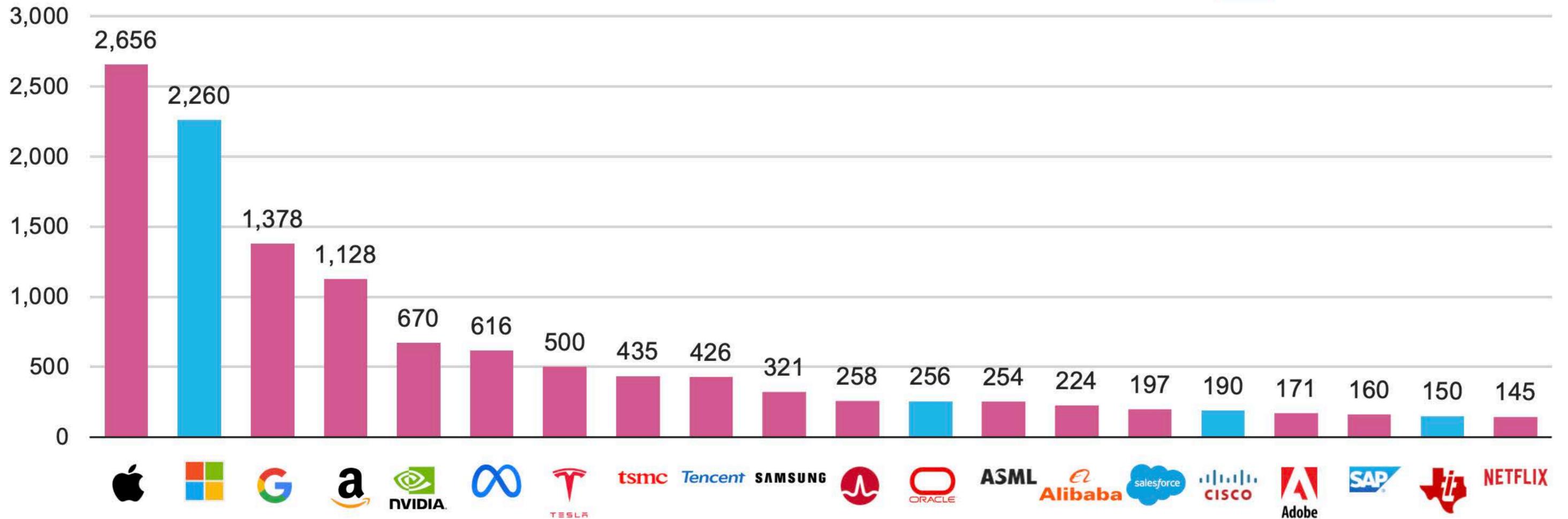
Source: CapitalIQ

Note: Alcatel-Lucent pro-forma for 2000

# Top 20 tech companies

Market capitalization in \$B (Market capitalization in \$B (Jan 1, 2022))

■ New in Top 20



Source: CapitalIQ

Note: Alcatel-Lucent pro-forma for 2000

JUN 26, 1930

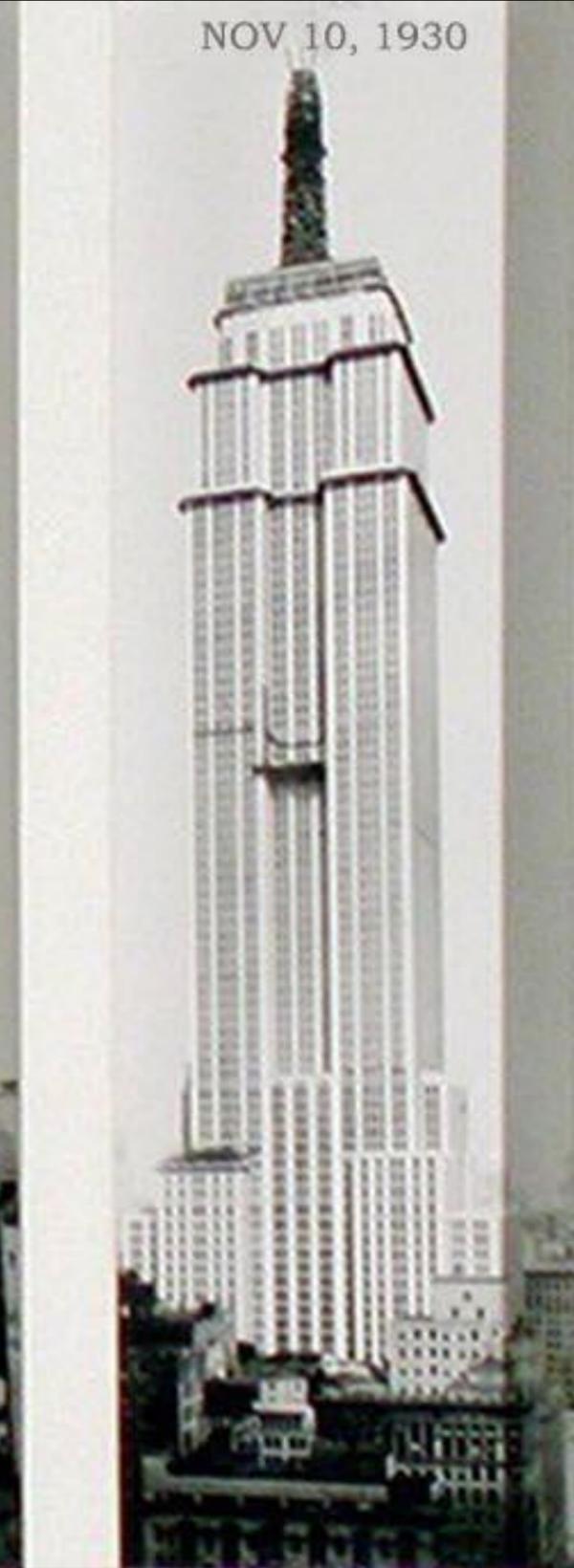
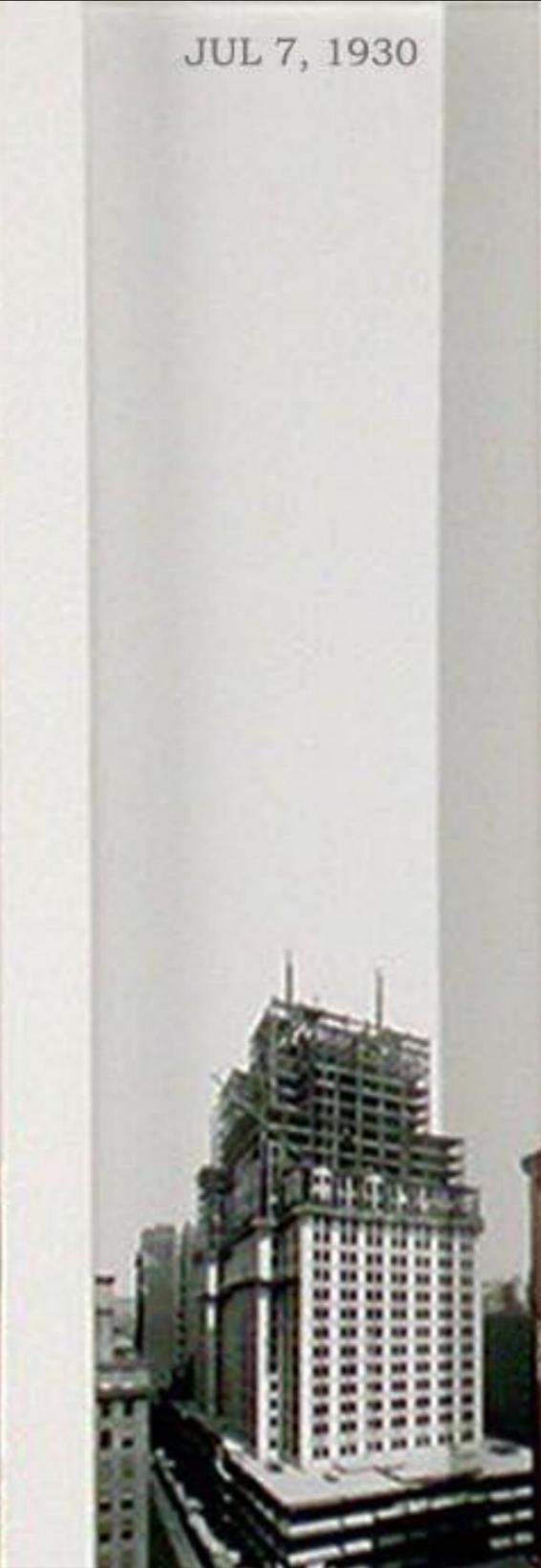
JUL 7, 1930

JUL 24, 1930

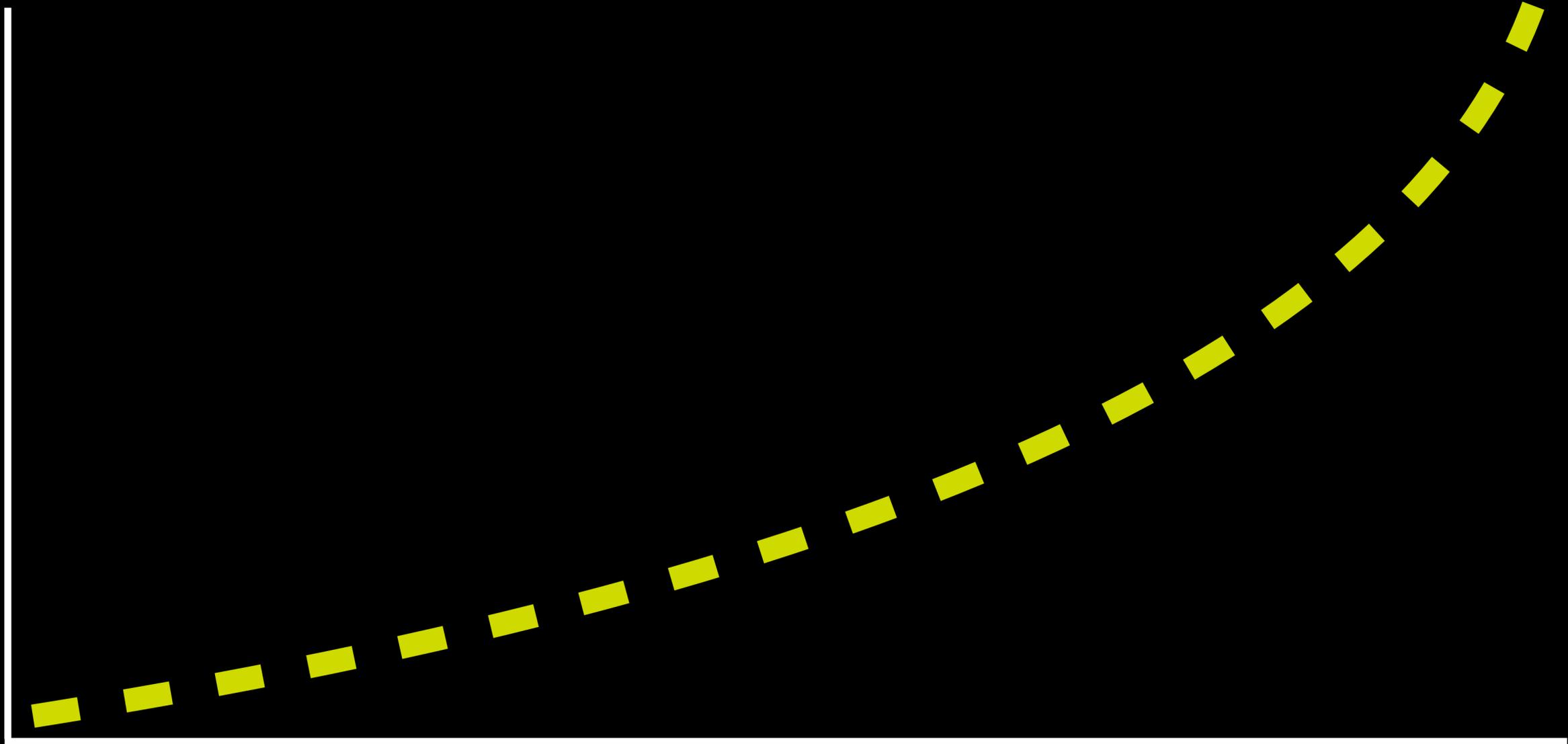
AUG 18, 1930

SEPT 8, 1930

NOV 10, 1930









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Are we ready?

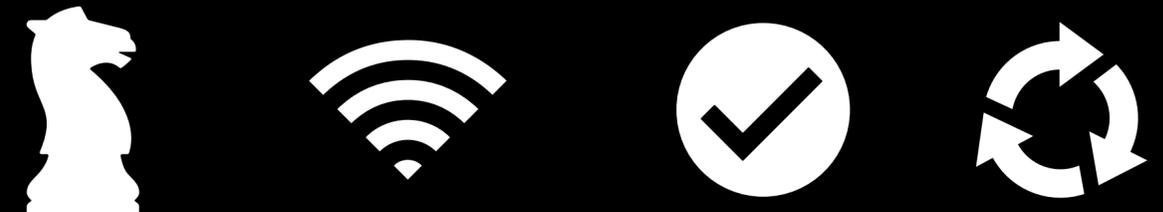
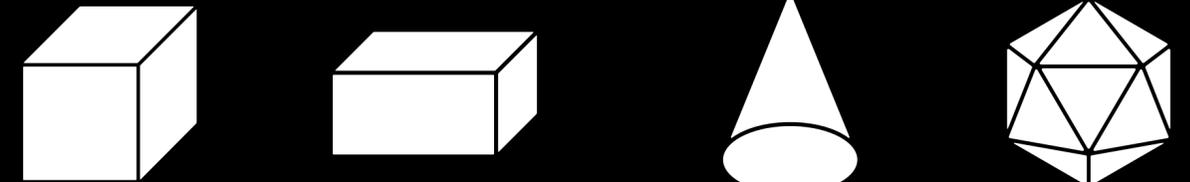


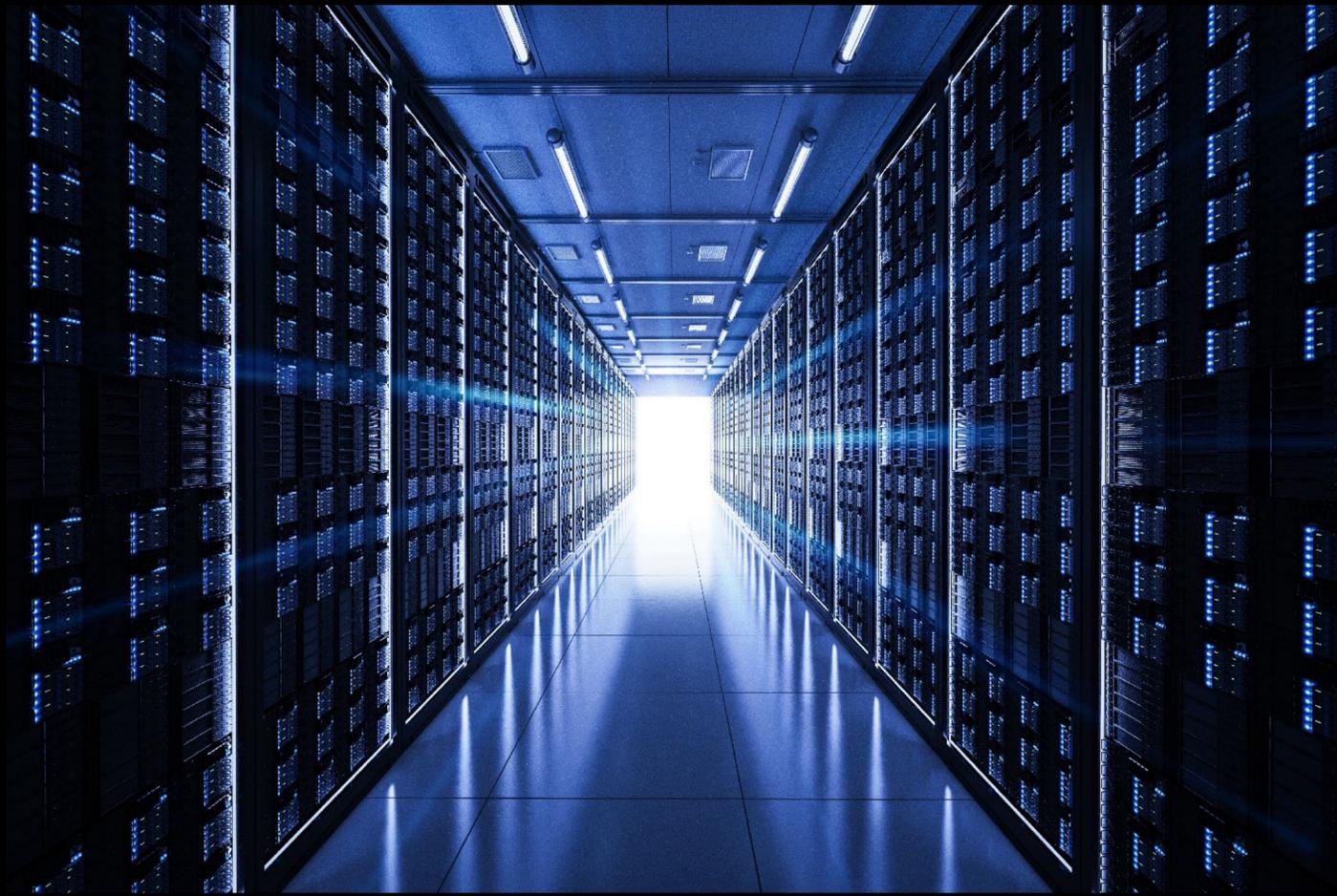
Enterprise  
Corporate  
Industries  
Regional Markets

Public Sector  
Defense  
Manufacturing  
Aero & "DIB"

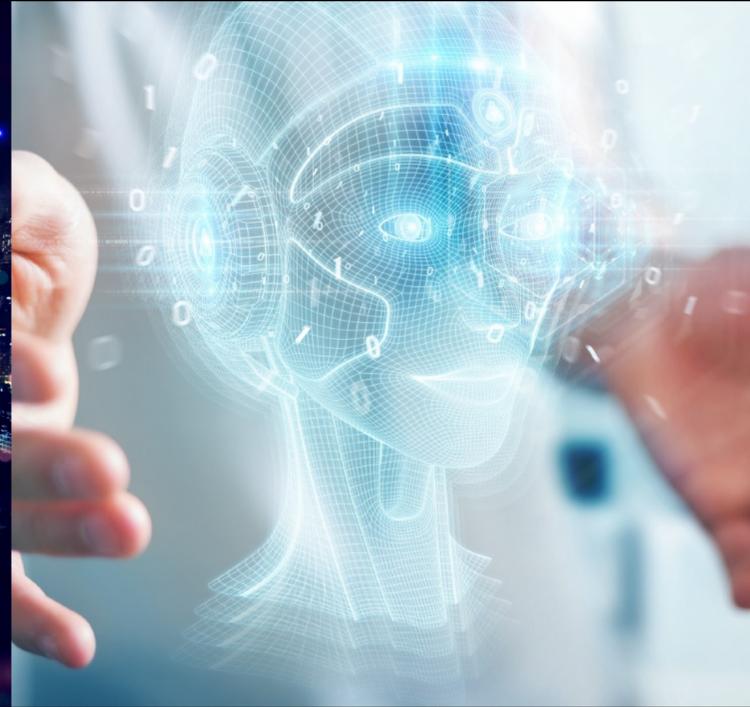
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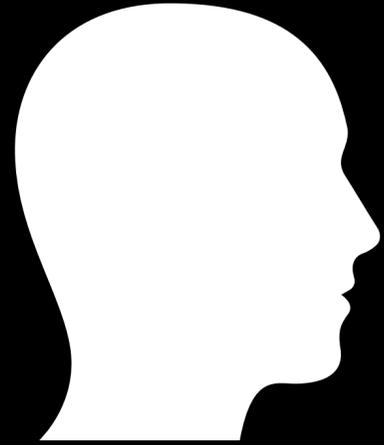
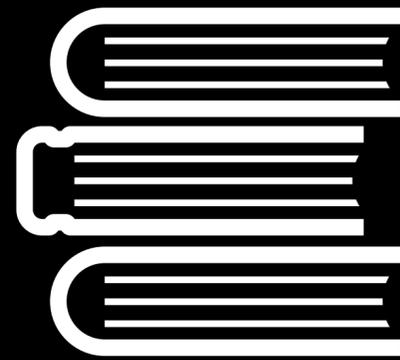
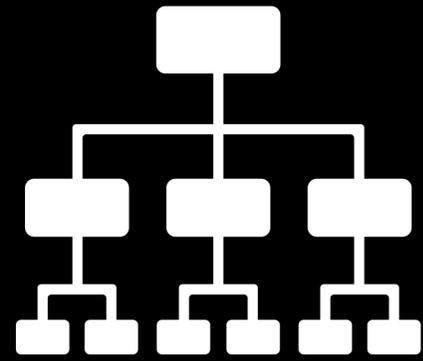
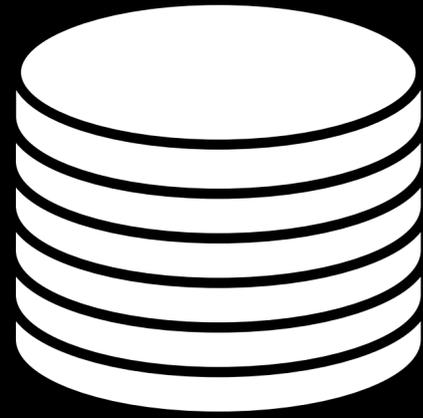
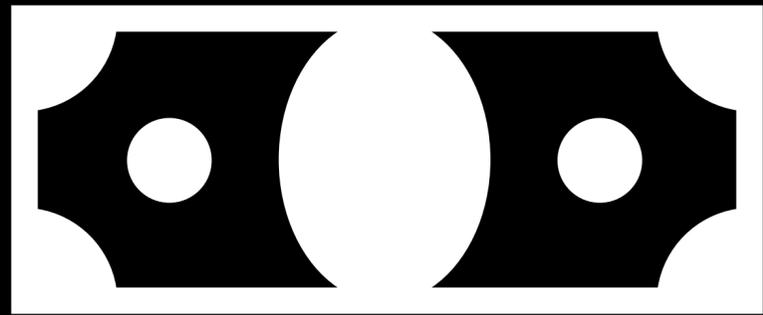




**What about AI?**







**What about Policy?**

# THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

## Why Software Is Eating The World

By Marc Andreessen

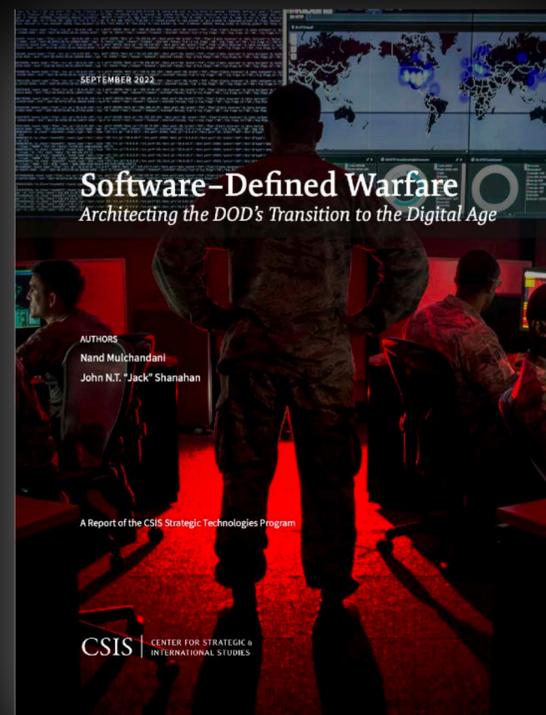
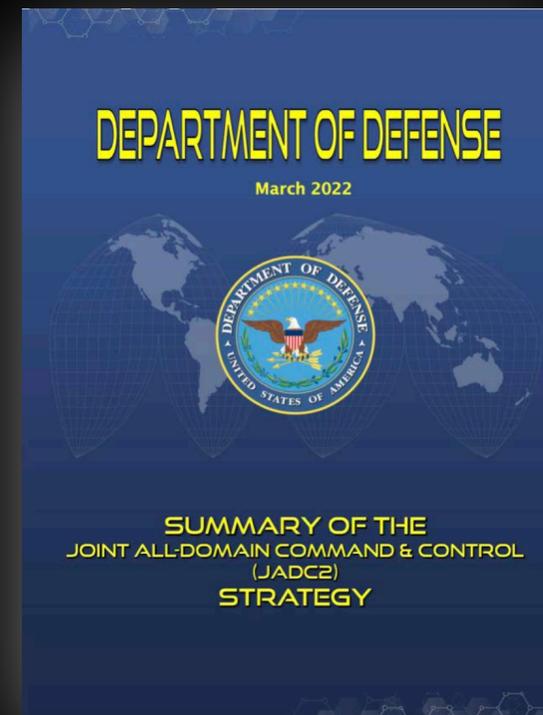
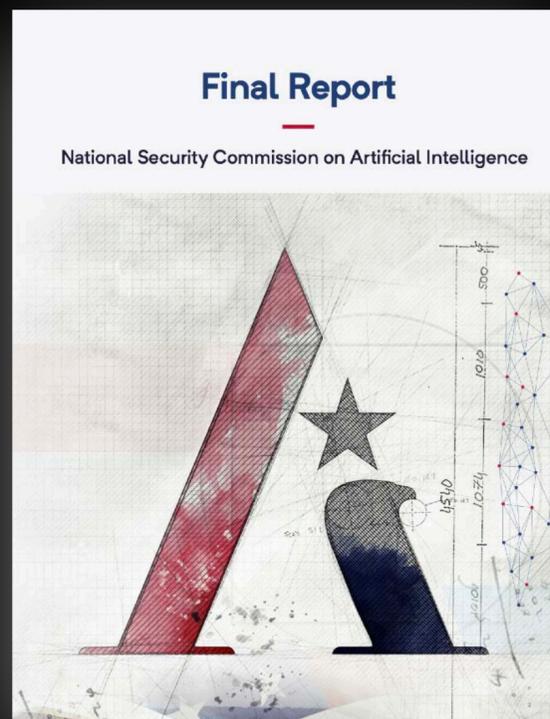
Updated August 20, 2011



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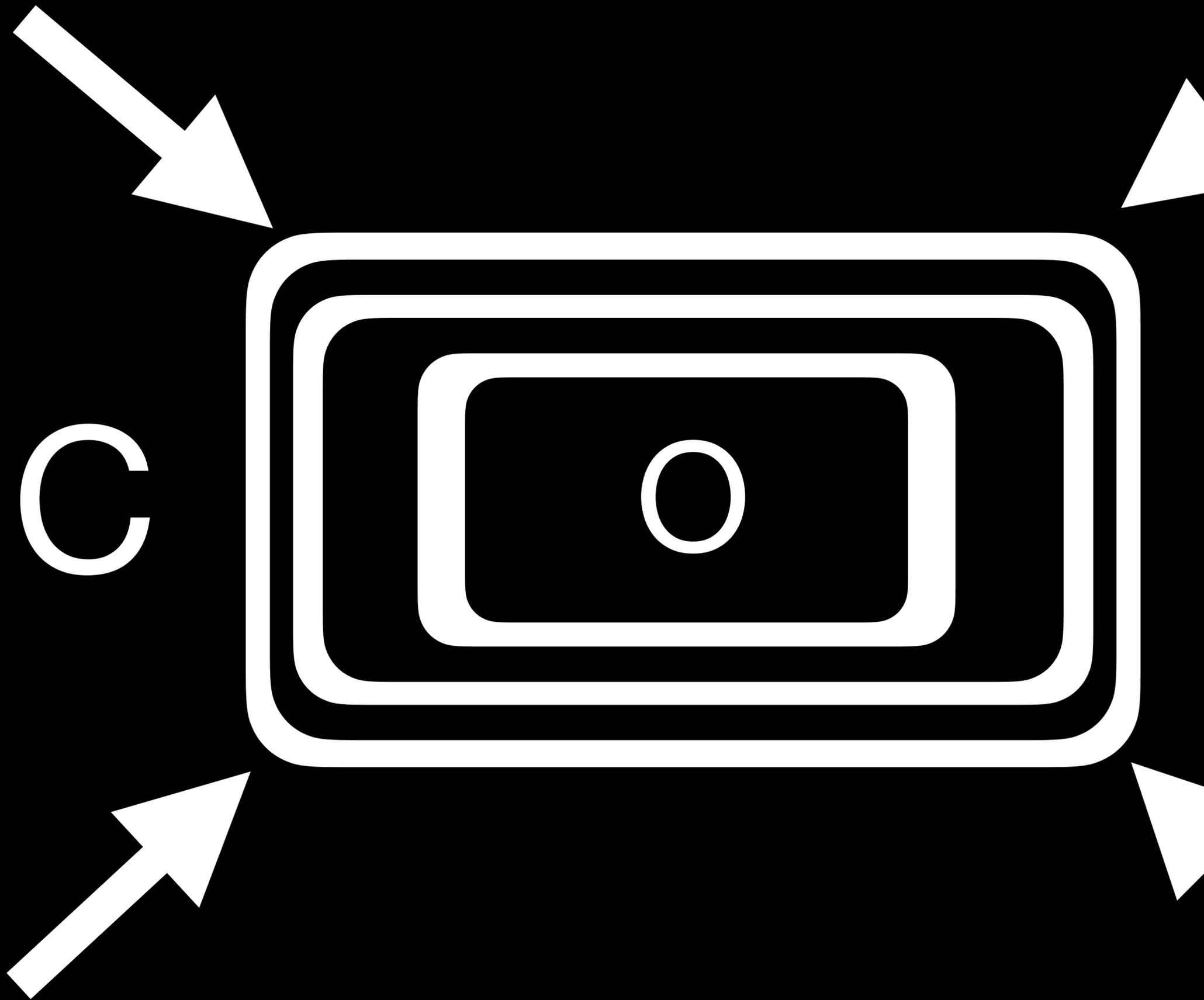


AA Resize





D + A + C





What should the  
defense systems  
engineering  
community know?



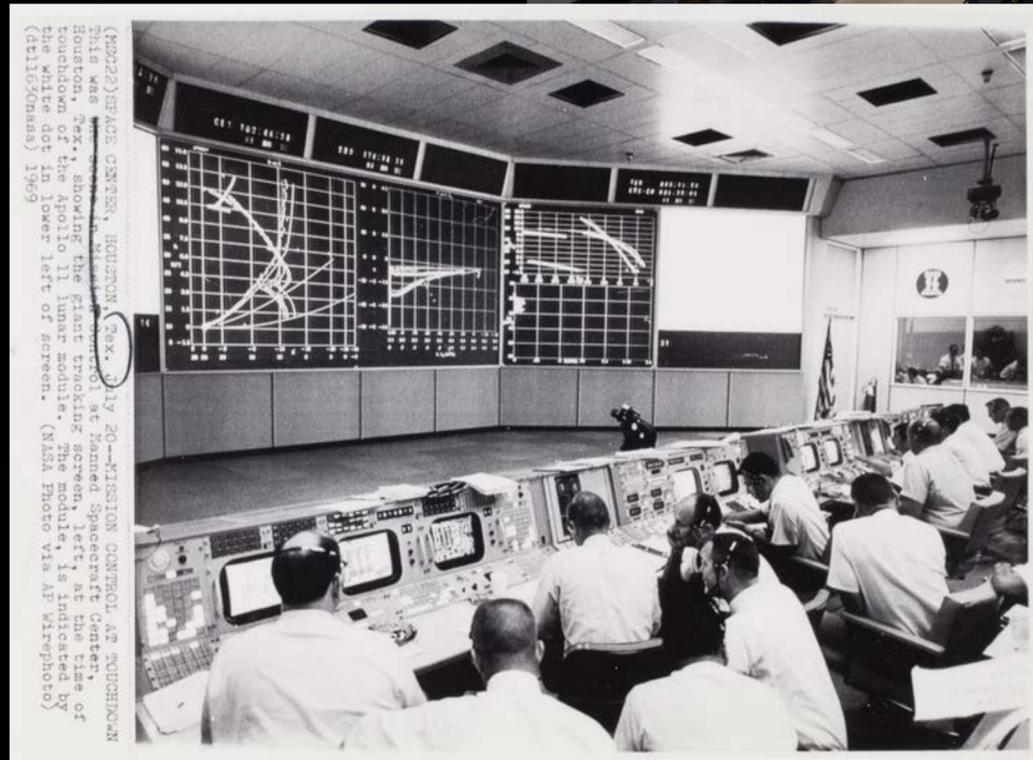


The Economist

Can Xi win back the markets?  
How Britain lost its war on drugs  
Trump's lead: smaller than it looks  
Our two cents on Taylor Swift  
FEBRUARY 10TH-16TH 2024

# KILLER DRONES

Pioneered in Ukraine, the weapons of the future



(AP/22) SEAGE CENTER, HOUSTON (Tex.) July 20--MISSION CONTROL AT HOUSTON. This was the Mission Control Center at NASA's Spaceport Center. Houston, Tex., showing the flight tracking screen, left, at the time of the landing of the Apollo 11 lunar module. The module is indicated by the white dot in lower left of screen. (NASA Photo via AP Wirephoto) (d11630mas) 1969

# Questions

The seal of the Department of Defense, United States of America, is centered in the background. It features an eagle with wings spread, perched on a shield with vertical stripes. The eagle is surrounded by a laurel wreath and a banner. Above the eagle are thirteen stars. The words "DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE" are written in an arc above the eagle, and "UNITED STATES OF AMERICA" is written in an arc below it.