

Models for Efficient Testing (MET)

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By

Dr. Ye Yang 11th Annual SERC Sponsor Research Review November 19, 2019 FHI 360 CONFERENCE CENTER 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW, 8th Floor Washington, DC 20009

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- Trade-off such as "how much is enough" is challenging, esp. in exploratory testing
 - Insufficient testing can lead to unsatisfying product quality, while
 - excessive testing can result in potential schedule delays and low cost-effectiveness.
- Objective
 - To enable actionable, value-driven decision making on resource allocation and utilization faced by testing managers.









MET project

- -Investigates, characterizes distributing testing processes
- Develops a set of Machine Learning-based approaches to support efficient testing management across distributed testing teams

MET consists of

-A testing measurement model

For characterizing the representative contextual factors of a testing process

-A in-process team formation model

- Matching, learning, ranking, and dynamically tuning the configuration of distributed testing teams to maximize testing adequacy
- Leveraging natural language processing (NLP) and learning-to-rank algorithms

-A early completion detection model

 Monitoring, aggregating testing reports, predicting total defects, and automate testing completion detection





- A pilot study: 636 real-world mobile application testing projects.
- Observation: Excessive engagement leading to waste due to duplicated effort.
 - Average wasteful spending over 636 projects: 32%



Bug Arrival Patterns:

- 1) Large variation in bug detection speed and cost;
- 2) Decreasing bug detection rates over time;
- 3) Plateau effect of bug arrival curves.



iSENSE: Completion-Aware Crowdtesting

1.0

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0.0

-0.2

1.0

test objectives

0.6

4

%bug %reducedCost

80%

85%

cost (time1) cost (time2) cost (time3)

90%

Customized close criteria

.

95%

1.0

0.7

cost (time4)

100%

30% Cost

reduction

* P1

P2
P3

P4

P5

P6

performance





Evaluation: Baidu Crowd Test dataset;

- 1. Automated close management: 30% cost reduction.
- 2. Trade-off analysis support.

(ACM SigSoft Distinguished Paper Award) J. Wang, Y. Yang, R. Krishna, T. Menzies, Q. Wang. "iSENSE: Completion-aware Crowdtesting Management". ICSE 2019.







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- Two sub-models
 - Process context sub-model: in-process progress-oriented information
 - **Testing requirement matrix**: represent the task's requirements in the vector space of descriptive terms from testing requirements.
 - **Test adequacy:** To measure the testing progress regarding to what degree each descriptive term has been tested.
 - Resource context sub-model: characteristics of distributed testing teams
 - Activeness: a set of metrics to characterize a team's activeness over certain period
 - **Preference:** distribution of term intensity from a testing team's historical reports
 - Expertise: distribution of term intensity from a testing team's unique bug reports
 - **Devices**: environmental factors such as testing devices, equipment, etc.





iRec: In-Process Team Recommendation





Evaluation: Baidu Crowd Test dataset; Reduction of the NYWs by 50% - 58% ; Reduction of cost by about 10% on median

J. Wang, Y. Yang, S. Wang, Q. Wang. Submitted to ICSE 2020, under review.





Extending iSENSE with new components

- Automated Duplicate Tagger
 - Analyzing the duplicate status of received crowd reports leveraging on semantic analysis
- -Coverage-based Sanity Checker
 - Reinforce the stability and performance of close prediction.



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- Elaborate the testing measurement model (TMM)
 - To address specific needs for characterizing DoD task/process/resource context
 - -Refine core underlying metric: **Testing Process Adequacy**
- Integrate TMM with iRec and iSENSE 2.0
- Empirical validation of existing models on cross-platform datasets
 - In-process team recommendation
 - -Early completion detection
- Seeking collaboration in further evaluation in DoD testing projects.



Thank you!

Contact: ye.yang@stevens.edu

